
Pike Documentation

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Pike is a dynamic plugin management library for Python. Unlike most Python plugin managers, Pike allows for you to load Python packages from anywhere on a filesystem without complicated configuration. This enables applications to easily add the ability to expand their functionality through plugin modules.

1.1 User Guide

1.1.1 Get Started

The common use-case for Pike is to enable dynamic loading of Python packages from various locations on a user's filesystem. This is usually to facilitate the usage of plugins.

The easiest way to use Pike to load Python packages is to use it as a context manager:

```
from pike.manager import PikeManager

with PikeManager(['/path/containing/python/packages']) as mgr:
    classes = mgr.get_classes()
```

If you need to use Pike for an extended period of time (such as for testing), you can use a normal instance of Pike. However, the downside to that is that you'll need to manually trigger Pike to cleanup itself when you're done.

```
from pike.manager import PikeManager

manager = PikeManager(['/path/containing/python/packages'])
classes = manager.get_classes()
manager.cleanup()
```

1.1.2 Discovery

Pike also includes a set of discovery functions to allow for someone to find modules or classes that have been imported or that are available on a filesystem.

- Documentation for imported module discovery: [*pike.discovery.py*](#)
- Documentation for filesystem discovery: [*pike.discovery.filesystem*](#)

1.1.3 Installation

Install from PyPI

```
pip install --upgrade pike
```

Install from source

You can find the source for Pike located on [GitHub](#). Once downloaded you can install Pike using pip.

If you want to just do a normal source install of Pike the execute:

```
# In the Pike source directory
pip install .
```

If you want to make changes to Pike, then install execute:

```
# In the Pike source directory
pip install -e .
```

1.2 Classes and Functions

1.2.1 Plugin Manager

class `pike.manager.PikeManager` (*search_paths=None*)

The Pike plugin manager

The manager allows for the dynamic loading of Python packages for any location on a user's filesystem.

Parameters `search_paths` (*list*) – List of path strings to include during module importing.
These paths are only in addition to existing Python import search paths.

Using PikeManager as a context manager:

```
from pike.manager import PikeManager

with PikeManager(['/path/containing/package']) as mgr:
    import module_in_the_package
```

Using PikeManager instance:

```
from pike.manager import PikeManager

mgr = PikeManager(['/path/container/package'])
import module_in_the_package
mgr.cleanup()
```

add_to_meta_path()

Adds Pike's import hooks to Python

This should be automatically handled by Pike; however, this is method is accessible for very rare use-cases.

cleanup()

Removes Pike's import hooks

This should be called if an implementer is not using the manager as a context manager.

get_all_inherited_classes (*base_class*)

Retrieve all inherited classes from manager's search paths

Parameters `base_class` (*Class*) – Base class to filter results by

Returns *List* of all found classes

get_classes (*filter_func=None*)

Get all classes within modules on the manager's search paths

Parameters `filter_func` (*Function*) – Custom filter function(`cls_obj`).

Returns `List` of all found classes

`get_module_names()`

Get root module names available on the manager's search paths

Returns `generator` providing available module names.

`get_package_names()`

Get root package names available on the manager's search paths

Returns `generator` providing available package names.

1.2.2 Discovery Classes

Python

`pike.discovery.py.classes_in_module(module, filter_func=None)`

Retrieve classes within a module

Parameters

- **module** (*module*) – Module to search under
- **filter_func** (*Function*) – Custom filter function(`cls_obj`).

Returns `generator` containing classes within a module

`pike.discovery.py.get_all_classes(module, filter_func=None)`

Retrieve all classes from modules

Parameters

- **module** (*module*) – Module to search under
- **filter_func** (*Function*) – Custom filter function(`cls_obj`).

Returns `List` of all found classes

`pike.discovery.py.get_all_inherited_classes(module, base_class)`

Retrieve all inherited classes from modules

Parameters

- **module** (*module*) – Module to search under
- **base_class** (*Class*) – Base class to filter results by

Returns `List` of all found classes

`pike.discovery.py.get_child_modules(module, recursive=True)`

Retrieve child modules

Parameters

- **module** (*module*) – Module to search under
- **recursive** (*bool*) – Toggles the retrieval of sub-children module.

Returns `generator` containing child modules

`pike.discovery.py.get_inherited_classes(module, base_class)`

Retrieve inherited classes from a single module

Parameters

- **module** (*module*) – Module to search under
- **base_class** (*Class*) – Base class to filter results by

Returns List of all found classes

`pike.discovery.py.get_module_by_name(full_module_name)`
Import module by full name

Parameters **full_module_name** (*str*) – Full module name e.g. (`pike.discovery.py`)

Returns Imported module

Filesystem

`pike.discovery.filesystem.find_modules(path)`
Finds all modules located on a path

`pike.discovery.filesystem.find_packages(path)`
Finds all packages located on a path

`pike.discovery.filesystem.is_module(path)`
Checks if path string is a module

`pike.discovery.filesystem.is_package(path)`
Checks if path string is a package

`pike.discovery.filesystem.recursive_find_modules(path)`
Recursively finds all modules located on a path

`pike.discovery.filesystem.recursive_find_packages(path)`
Recursively finds all packages located on a path

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